

**THE TOWN HOMES ON MAPLE HILL**  
**STORM SEWER SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT**

THIS STORM SEWER SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT is made this 20<sup>th</sup> day of JUNE, 2018 by and between the City of Rochester Hills, a Michigan municipal corporation (the "City"), whose address is 1000 Rochester Hills Drive, Rochester Hills, Michigan 49309-3033, and <sup>The</sup> Townhomes on Maple Hill LLC, A Michigan Limited Liability Company 1066 Commerce Street, Birmingham, Michigan 48099 ("Developer").

**RECITALS:**

A. Developer is the owner of certain real property located in the City of Rochester Hills, Oakland County, Michigan, which real property is more particularly described in Exhibit A attached hereto and incorporated herein (the "Property").

B. Developer intends to develop the Property as a residential community to be known as The Town Homes on Maplehill, a multi-family residential development (hereinafter known as the "Development").

C. The Development will alter the natural flow of surface and storm water drainage.

D. Developer desires to extend to the future condominium unit owners within the Development the right to utilize and benefit from the storm water detention facilities and to provide a permanent method for the support and upkeep of said detention facilities.

E. Developer has proposed and the City has approved a storm water drainage and detention system (the "Storm Sewer System") as shown in Exhibit B attached hereto and incorporated herein (the "Approved Plan") and both the Developer and the City will benefit from the proper operation, use and maintenance of the Storm Sewer System and desire to enter this binding contract relative to the use and governance of the areas described and fully delineated in the condominium Development site plan.

F. Developer also intends to bind the condominium unit owners in the Development to this Agreement so this Agreement is intended to run with the land;

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the approval by the City of the Condominium Site Plan and of the mutual promises contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. **Storm Sewer System.** Pursuant to the Condominium Site Plan, Developer hereby makes available and will grant to each of the condominium unit owners in the Development the right to utilize, maintain, replace and repair the Storm Sewer System, including but not limited to the detention basin areas and the storm sewer lines existing within the Development and delineated in the Condominium Subdivision Plan. Components of the Storm Water System, including any and all water conveyance, detention facilities and devices, storm sewer pipe, catch basins, manholes, end-sections, ditches, swales, open water courses and rip-rap, shall be used solely for the purpose of conveying and detaining storm and surface drainage in the Development until such time as: (i) the City determines and notifies the Developer or Developer's successors and assigns, including the Association (as defined below), in writing that it is no longer necessary to convey, or detain the storm and surface drainage; and (ii) an adequate alternative for conveying and detaining storm and surface drainage has been provided which is acceptable to the City and which includes the granting of any easements to the City or third parties as may be required or necessary for the alternative drainage system.

2. **Condominium Association for The Townhomes on Maple Hill.** Control and jurisdiction over the Storm Sewer System shall be vested in The Town Homes on Maplehill Association (hereinafter referred to as "Association"). The Association is organized as a nonprofit corporation for a perpetual term under the laws of the State of Michigan. The Association was incorporated on May 12, 2017. Membership in the Association shall be mandatory for all of the condominium unit owners in the Development. The Association shall be responsible at its sole expense for the proper maintenance of the Storm Sewer System and for compliance with the terms of this Agreement. The Bylaws of the Association shall provide for a Board of Directors of no less than three (3) members and no more than five (5).

The Association members shall each bear their pro-rata share of the total costs of maintaining the Storm Sewer System (including without limitation, the real and personal property taxes assessed against it, if any, and insurance policies maintained with respect to it),

which shall constitute a lien against each member's condominium unit. The prorated share of the cost shall be based on each condominium unit owner's percentage of value as set forth in the Master Deed for The Town Homes of Maplehill. Each Association member shall be entitled to vote in accordance with the Master Deed for The Town Homes of Maplehill.

The Association shall have the authority to make and enforce regulations pertaining to the use and maintenance of the Storm Sewer System, which regulations shall be binding upon all members of the Association.

**3. Maintenance of Storm Sewer System.** The Association shall be responsible for the proper maintenance, repair and replacement of the Storm Water System and all parts thereof as detailed in the Maintenance Plan attached hereto as Exhibit C (the "Maintenance Plan"). Proper maintenance of the Storm Water System shall include, but is not limited to, (i) keeping the bottom of the detention basin and at inlet pipes free from silt and debris; (ii) removing harmful algae; (iii) managing deleterious vegetative growth; (iv) maintaining the Storm Water System structures, end-sections and safety features; (v) controlling the effects of erosion; (vi) inspection of inlet and outlet pipes for structural integrity; (vii) inspection and replacement of rip-rap at inlet pipes; (viii) inspection and cleaning of storm sewer and catch basins upstream from the detention basin; (ix) inspection and replacement of stone around the outlet pipe; and (x) any other maintenance that is reasonable and necessary to facilitate and continue the proper operation of the Storm Water System. In no event shall the detention basin areas be utilized for any purpose other than detention of surface water without the prior written consent of the Association.

**4. Failure to Maintain Storm Sewer System.** In the event the Association fails at any time to maintain the Storm Sewer System (including without limitation the detention basins) in reasonable order and condition, the City may serve written notice upon the Association or upon its members setting forth the way the Association has failed to maintain the Storm Sewer System in a reasonable condition and such notice shall include a demand that deficiencies of maintenance be cured within thirty (30) days thereof. The notice shall further state the date and place of a hearing thereon before the City Council or other such board, body or official to whom the City shall delegate such responsibility, which shall be held at least fourteen (14) days after the date of the notice. At such hearing, the City Council or other designated

board, body or official may affirm or modify the list and description of maintenance deficiencies and, for good cause shown, may give an extension of the time within they shall be cured.

Thereafter, if the deficiencies set forth in the original notice, or in the modification thereof, shall not be cured within the time allowed, the City may maintain the same for a period of one (1) year. Such maintenance by the City shall not be construed as a trespass, constitute a taking of the Storm Sewer System, nor vest in the public any rights to use or enter the Storm Water System. Thereafter, if the Association does not properly maintain the Storm Water System, the City may, after providing similar written notice, schedule and hold another hearing to determine whether the City should maintain the Storm Water System for another year, and subject to a similar notice, hearing and determination in subsequent years.

In the event the City determines an emergency condition caused by or relating to the Storm Water System threatens the public health, safety or general welfare, the City shall have the right to immediately and without notice enter the Storm Water System and undertake appropriate corrective action.

**5. Charges.** The cost of any maintenance by the City, plus a ten percent (10%) administrative fee, shall be assessed against the Association and, if not timely paid, added to the tax rolls, which charges shall be a lien on the Storm Water System and shall be collectable and enforceable in the same manner general property taxes are collected and enforced. The City shall be, at its option, subrogated to the right of the Association against its members to the extent of that cost and administrative charge, if the City shall, by an official resolution, give thirty (30) days written notice to each member of the Association of the City's election to be subrogated.

The Association members shall bear their pro-rata share of the total costs of maintaining the Storm Sewer System, which pro-rata share of the cost shall constitute a lien against each member's condominium unit and if not paid, the City shall have the right to add it to the tax rolls and collect it in the same manner as provided above. The pro-rated share of the cost shall be based on each condominium unit owner's percentage of value as set forth in the Master Deed for The Town Homes of Maplehill. The cost of maintenance by the City shall be assessed against the Association or the Association members at the City's discretion.

In the event the City declares the existence of an emergency upon, caused by or relating to the Storm Sewer System, and the City takes appropriate corrective action, the City shall have the right to charge and collect the costs for such corrective action, as provided herein.

6. **Notice.** Any notices required under this Agreement shall be sent by certified mail to the address for each party set forth below, or to such other addresses as such party may notify the other parties in writing:

To the Developer:                   The Townhomes on Maple Hill  
1066 Commerce Street  
Birmingham, MI 48044

To the City:                           City Clerk  
City of Rochester Hills  
1000 Rochester Hill Drive  
Rochester Hills, Michigan 48309

To the Association:                 The Town Homes on Maple Hill Association  
1066 Commerce Street  
Birmingham, MI 48044

7. **Successors and Assigns, etc.** This Agreement shall constitute restrictions and covenants running with the Property. The parties hereto make this Agreement on behalf of themselves and their respective successors and assigns, and hereby warrant that they have the authority and capacity to make this contract.

8. **Recording.** This Agreement shall be recorded at the Oakland County Register of Deeds.

[Signatures and Acknowledgements on Following Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this agreement on the date first written above.

The Townhomes on Maple Hill, LLC



Ron Jona, its Manager

CITY OF ROCHESTER HILLS

\_\_\_\_\_  
Bryan K. Barnett, Mayor

\_\_\_\_\_  
Tina Barton, City Clerk

-1

STATE OF MICHIGAN

COUNTY OF Oakland

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 20 day of ~~April~~ <sup>June 2018</sup>, 2017, by Ron Jona, Manager of The Townhomes on Maple Hill, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company, on behalf of and by authority of the Company.

\_\_\_\_\_  
, Notary Public

**ARJOLA KARROCA**  
NOTARY PUBLIC, OAKLAND COUNTY, MI  
My Commission Expires 01/13/2020  
Acting in Oakland County

State of Michigan, County of Oakland  
My Commission Expires: 11/13/2020  
Action in the County of: Oakland

STATE OF MICHIGAN

COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day \_\_\_\_\_ of 2018, by Bryan K. Barnett, Mayor, and Tina Barton, Clerk, of the City of Rochester Hills, a Michigan Municipal Corporation on behalf of the Corporation

\_\_\_\_\_  
, Notary Public

State of Michigan, County of \_\_\_\_\_  
My Commission Expires: \_\_\_\_\_  
Action in the County of: \_\_\_\_\_

Drafted By:  
Mike Peterson  
Nowak & Fraws Engineers  
46777 Woodward Ave  
Pontiac, MI 48342

When Recorded, Return to:  
Clerks Dept  
City of Rochester Hills  
1000 Rochester Hills Dr.  
Rochester Hills, MI 48309

6

John Staran  
Approved 6/22/18

## Exhibit A

### LEGAL DESCRIPTION: PARCEL

A PARCEL OF LAND BEING A PART OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 3, TOWN 3 NORTH, RANGE 11 EAST, CITY OF ROCHESTER HILLS, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN BEING MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING AT THE SOUTH 1/4 CORNER OF SAID SECTION 3; THENCE N. 02°09'42" E., 1315.22 FEET ALONG THE NORTH/SOUTH 1/4 LINE OF SECTION 3 (AS REMONUMENTED) TO A POINT ON THE SOUTH LINE OF AVON HILLS SUBDIVISION AS RECORDED IN LIBER 60 OF PLATS, ON PAGE 39 OF THE OAKLAND COUNTY RECORDS; THENCE N. 87°54'44" W., 2.21 FEET ALONG SAID SOUTH LINE OF AVON HILLS SUBDIVISION TO THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF SAID AVON HILLS SUBDIVISION ALSO BEING THE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE CONTINUING N. 87°58'17"W., 564.67 FEET TO A POINT ON THE EASTERLY LINE OF KING'S COVE CONDOMINIUM, OAKLAND COUNTY CONDOMINIUM SUBDIVISION PLAN No. 148; THENCE N. 21°04'00" W., 239.09 FEET ALONG SAID EASTERLY LINE OF KING'S COVE TO THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF THE SUMMIT CONDOMINIUMS OF ROCHESTER HILLS, OAKLAND COUNTY CONDOMINIUM SUBDIVISION PLAN No. 1917; THENCE THE FOLLOWING THREE COURSES ALONG THE SOUTHERLY AND EASTERLY LINES OF SAID THE SUMMIT CONDOMINIUMS OF ROCHESTER HILLS: 1) S. 88°00'00" E., 526.31 FEET; 2) N. 02°00'00" E., 148.07 FEET AND 3) S. 88°00'00" E., 133.36 FEET TO A POINT ON THE WEST LINE OF SAID AVON HILLS SUBDIVISION; THENCE S. 02°12'23" W., 368.33 FEET ALONG SAID WEST LINE OF AVON HILLS SUBDIVISION TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING. CONTAINING 154,390 SQUARE FEET OR 3.544 ACRES.

PARCEL NO. 15-03-326-019

*pk ARS  
08/2/18*



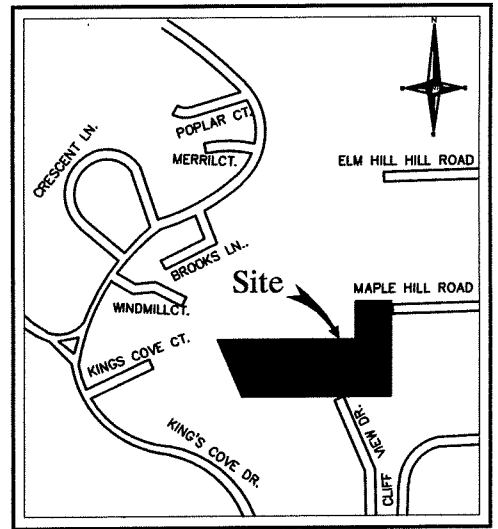
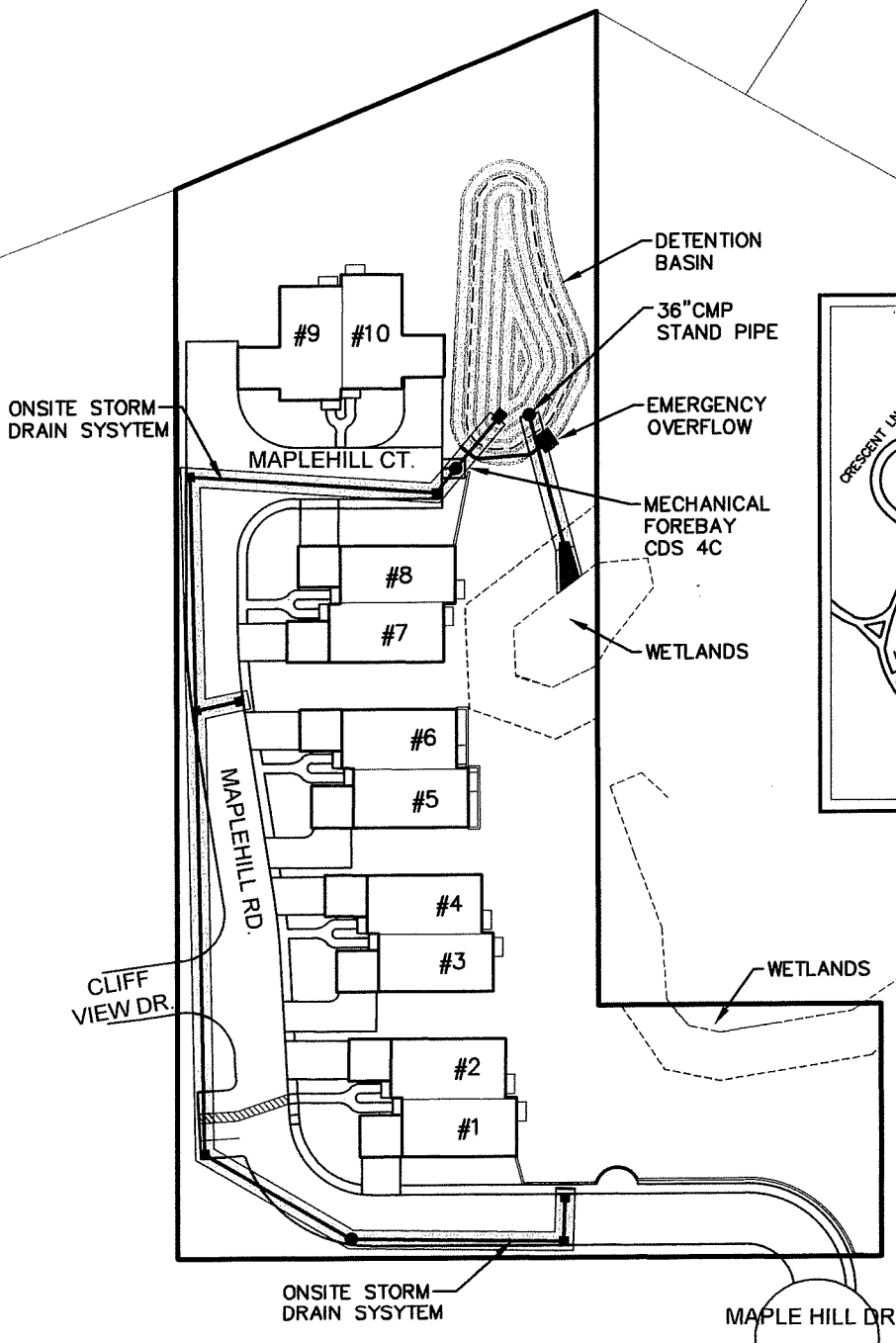
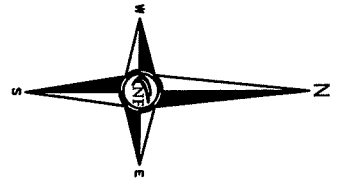
NOWAK & FRAUS ENGINEERS  
46777 WOODWARD AVENUE  
PONTIAC, MI 46342  
TEL. (248) 332-7931  
FAX. (248) 332-8257

Prepared For:  
MILESTONE DEVELOPMENT  
1066 COMMERCE ST.  
BIRMINGHAM, MI 48009

SCALE	DATE	DRAWN	JOB NO.	SHEET
NONE	08-02-2018	N.N.	H845	1 of 1

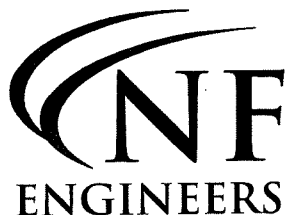
# The Townhomes on Maple Hill

## EXHIBIT B STORM SEWER SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT



Location Map  
N.T.S.

*OK  
ARS 6/21/18*



NOWAK & FRAUS ENGINEERS  
46777 WOODWARD AVE.  
PONTIAC, MI 48342-5032  
TEL. (248) 332-7931  
FAX. (248) 332-8257

SCALE	DATE	DRAWN	JOB NO.	SHEET
1" = 100'	06-15-2018	N.N.	H845	1 of 1



**EXHIBIT 'C'**

**OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL**

**THE TOWNHOMES ON MAPLE HILL  
STORM SEWER SYSTEM MAINTENANCE PLAN  
ROCHESTER HILLS, MI**

**DEVELOPER:  
THE TOWN HOMES ON MAPLEHILL, LLC  
1066 Commerce Street  
Birmingham, MI 48044**

*JK ARS  
8/22/18*

## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

### INTRODUCTION:

This manual identifies the ownership, operation and maintenance responsibilities for all storm water management systems including the sedimentation and detention basins, and underground storm sewer system, as incorporated into and detailed on the approved Site Plans. In order to comply with the local best management practices (BMP) and requirements, this manual should serve as a minimum performance standard. This manual should be retained intact and read in its entirety by all parties responsible for the operations and maintenance of the on-site BMP's.

### DEVELOPER:

The Townhomes on Maple Hill, LLC  
1066 Commerce Street  
Birmingham, MI 48044

### PROPERTY INFORMATION:

This Operations and Maintenance Manual covers the storm water systems located at the property described in Exhibit A to The Townhomes on Maple Hill.

### STORM WATER MAINTENANCE EXHIBIT:

Exhibit B of the Storm Sewer System Maintenance Agreement is the construction drawings of The Townhomes on Maple Hill, which sets forth the Storm Water System Plan and provides a clear presentation of all components of the storm sewer system. This system is subject to the long-term operation and maintenance responsibilities detailed in this manual. The system includes:

- Storm sewer pipes
- Storm sewer structures (manholes, inlets, catch basins etc.)
- Sedimentation Basin
- Detention Basin
- Pre-Treatment Device Contech Engineered Solutions – CDS2015-4-C Inline CDS

### INSPECTIONS:

The frequency of system inspections outlined in the manual and attached exhibits should be considered the minimum, if no events warrant additional inspections. The frequency of inspections should be fine-tuned over time as system specific conditions are better known and the rate at which certain maintenance operations need to be performed is better understood. Maintenance Inspection Checklists are provided for each of the BMP's in this system. Inspections should be performed by personnel responsible for maintenance and may need to be certified for confined space entry, depending on the component being inspected. Operation of the detention basin, sediment basin, and outlet control structures may need to be inspected by a practicing civil engineer familiar with their operation.

Records of all routine inspections and any work performed on the system for maintenance, repair or replacement should be maintained by the owner and kept for a minimum of ten (10) years. A copy of all records should be provided to the City of Rochester Hills Engineering Division. The records should include this manual, all inspection sheets, approved construction plans and as-built documents, a maintenance log of work performed to the system(s) and contact information for the system inspector, civil engineer, landscape architect, geotechnical engineer and contractor involved with the system.

## STORM WATER SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE

Regular inspection and maintenance of BMP's are necessary if these facilities are to consistently perform up to expectations. Storm-water systems are expected to perform quality and quantity control functions as long as the land use they serve exists. Failure to maintain these systems can create the following adverse impacts:

- Increased pollutants to surrounding surface water features
- Potential loss of life or property resulting from catastrophic failure of the facility
- Aesthetic or nuisance conditions, such as mosquitoes or reduced property values due to a degraded facility appearance.

Most of these impacts can be avoided through proper and timely inspection and maintenance. A major concern associated with these impacts is the general public's expectations related to the quality of life provided, in part, by construction of these systems. Inadequate maintenance means the general public may have a false sense of security. The most common cause of storm-water system failure is the lack of adequate and proper operation, inspection, maintenance and management.

Good design and construction can reduce subsequent maintenance needs and costs, but they cannot eliminate the need for maintenance altogether. Maintenance requires a long-term commitment of time, money, personnel and equipment. Monitoring the overall performance of the storm-water management system is a major aspect of any maintenance program.

The maintenance responsibilities for these systems lie with the current property owner and transfer with the property in perpetuity. If maintenance of the system is not performed, the City of Rochester Hills reserves the right to enter the property and perform all necessary work at the property owners' cost.

### **General Maintenance Items:**

#### **Trash and Debris Removal:**

Removal of trash and debris from all areas of the property should be performed monthly. Removal of these items will prevent damage to vegetated areas and eliminate their potential to inhibit the operation of any of the storm-water management systems.

Sediment, debris and trash that are removed and collected should be disposed of according to local, State and Federal regulations at suitable disposal and/or recycling centers.

### **Storm Water System Maintenance Items:**

The following narratives give an overview of the maintenance requirements of the different components of the storm-water system. The inspection checklists attached to this report offer a more complete listing of what should be inspected, when inspection should occur and the likely frequency of maintenance activities.

#### Storm Sewer and Structures:

Catch basins, inlets, manholes and sewer pipes should be inspected to check for sediment accumulation and clogging, floatable debris, dead vegetation, etc. The structure and sewers should also be observed during a wet weather event to ensure their proper operation. Accumulated sediment and debris should be removed on an annual basis or as needed based on observed conditions. Structural repairs or maintenance should occur as needed based on observed conditions such as cracks, spalling, joint failure, leakage, misalignment or settlement of structures. A civil engineer should be retained if problems are thought to exist.

#### Detention Basin Outlet Control Structure and Overflow Structure:

Both the outlet control and overflow structures and connection pipes should be inspected for sediment accumulation, floatable debris, trash and any other foreign matter that may impede flow or restrict the devices from working properly. The outlet control structure should periodically be inspected to make sure that it does not become blocked. The grates should be inspected for structural integrity and build-up of material/debris. The outlet control structure should be inspected during a wet weather event to ensure that all components are functioning properly. A civil engineer should be retained if problems are thought to exist.

Maintenance will include the removal of any debris, trash or sediment from the structures and/or pipe. If the cleaning of the debris does not adequately remove the sediment build up, removal and replacement will be required. The stone jacket may need replacement if cleaning does not adequately remove sediment build-up.

Detention Basin and Sedimentation Basin:

The inlet pipes to the basins should be inspected for structural integrity (pipes cracked, broken or spalled) and that the grates are free from debris. The area around and immediately downstream of the inlet pipes should be inspected for sediment build-up, erosion and riprap should be inspected for integrity and sedimentation. Maintenance of the inlet pipes would include removal of any sediment build-up and debris, repair or replacement of any components that are in need of attention and to restore any areas that have eroded.

The basins should be inspected for healthy grass growth, side slope erosion and excessive sedimentation in both basins. The riprap spillway between the basins should be inspected for sedimentation, erosion and overall integrity. The sedimentation basins should trap sediment when working as designed and as such will need regular inspection and removal of sediment once the total sediment depth is 6" – 12" or if sediment resuspension is observed during a rain event. The basins should be inspected during a wet weather event to ensure all aspects of the basin are function correctly. A civil engineer should be retained if problems are through to exist or if the inspection personnel are not familiar with the operation conditions of the basins.

The planted vegetation within the basins should conform to that shown on the construction plans. Any invasive species should be removed. The vegetation should be inspected for healthy growth by a landscape architect if the inspection personnel are not familiar with the specific plantings inside the basins.

Any resident complaints regarding the basins aesthetics or operation should be investigated during inspections and wet weather operations.

Storm Water Pre-Treatment Device (~~Stormceptor~~) – Contech CDS2015-4-C Inline CDS

Refer to the attached maintenance manual for all inspection and maintenance requirements for the Stormceptor system, Contech CDS2015-4-C Inline CDS.

The following pages include inspection check lists for the various components listed above.

**STORM WATER SEWER SYSTEM**

DATE/ TIME OF INSPECTION: \_\_\_\_\_

INSPECTOR: \_\_\_\_\_

	System Component		
	Catch Basins, Inlets & Storm Sewers	Parking areas & Drives	
<b>Maintenance Activities</b>			<b>Frequency</b>
<b>Monitoring / Inspection</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inspect for pollutants and sediment accumulation</li> </ul>	X		Quarterly
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inspect for oil accumulation</li> </ul>	X		Quarterly
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sweep Parking Areas and Drives</li> </ul>		X	Regularly as necessary
<b>Preventative Maintenance</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remove accumulated sediment and pollutants (vacuum truck)</li> </ul>	X		When sediment depth has accumulated to within six inches of dry-weather water level
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remove accumulated oil and gasoline (vacuum truck)</li> </ul>	X		Under normal operating conditions at the same time as sediment removal
<b>Remedial Actions</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Structural repairs</li> </ul>	X		As needed
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make adjustments / repairs to ensure proper functioning</li> </ul>	X		As needed

SUMMARY:

INSPECTORS REMARKS:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

OVERALL CONDITION OF FACILITY: \_\_\_\_\_

RECOMENDED ACIONS NEEDED: \_\_\_\_\_

DATES ANY MAINTANCE MUST BE COMPLETED BY: \_\_\_\_\_

## CDS<sup>®</sup> Inspection and Maintenance Guide

---



## Maintenance

The CDS system should be inspected at regular intervals and maintained when necessary to ensure optimum performance. The rate at which the system collects pollutants will depend more heavily on site activities than the size of the unit. For example, unstable soils or heavy winter sanding will cause the grit chamber to fill more quickly but regular sweeping of paved surfaces will slow accumulation.

## Inspection

Inspection is the key to effective maintenance and is easily performed. Pollutant transport and deposition may vary from year to year and regular inspections will help ensure that the system is cleaned out at the appropriate time. At a minimum, inspections should be performed twice per year (e.g. spring and fall) however more frequent inspections may be necessary in climates where winter sanding operations may lead to rapid accumulations, or in equipment washdown areas. Installations should also be inspected more frequently where excessive amounts of trash are expected.

The visual inspection should ascertain that the system components are in working order and that there are no blockages or obstructions in the inlet and separation screen. The inspection should also quantify the accumulation of hydrocarbons, trash, and sediment in the system. Measuring pollutant accumulation can be done with a calibrated dipstick, tape measure or other measuring instrument. If absorbent material is used for enhanced removal of hydrocarbons, the level of discoloration of the sorbent material should also be identified during inspection. It is useful and often required as part of an operating permit to keep a record of each inspection. A simple form for doing so is provided.

Access to the CDS unit is typically achieved through two manhole access covers. One opening allows for inspection and cleanout of the separation chamber (cylinder and screen) and isolated sump. The other allows for inspection and cleanout of sediment captured and retained outside the screen. For deep units, a single manhole access point would allow both sump cleanout and access outside the screen.

The CDS system should be cleaned when the level of sediment has reached 75% of capacity in the isolated sump or when an appreciable level of hydrocarbons and trash has accumulated. If absorbent material is used, it should be replaced when significant discoloration has occurred. Performance will not be impacted until 100% of the sump capacity is exceeded however it is recommended that the system be cleaned prior to that for easier removal of sediment. The level of sediment is easily determined by measuring from finished grade down to the top of the sediment pile. To avoid underestimating the level of sediment in the chamber, the measuring device must be lowered to the top of the sediment pile carefully. Particles at the top of the pile typically offer less resistance to the end of the rod than consolidated particles toward the bottom of the pile. Once this measurement is recorded, it should be compared to the as-built drawing for the unit to determine whether the height of the sediment pile off the bottom of the sump floor exceeds 75% of the total height of isolated sump.

## Cleaning

Cleaning of a CDS system should be done during dry weather conditions when no flow is entering the system. The use of a vacuum truck is generally the most effective and convenient method of removing pollutants from the system. Simply remove the manhole covers and insert the vacuum hose into the sump. The system should be completely drained down and the sump fully evacuated of sediment. The area outside the screen should also be cleaned out if pollutant build-up exists in this area.

In installations where the risk of petroleum spills is small, liquid contaminants may not accumulate as quickly as sediment. However, the system should be cleaned out immediately in the event of an oil or gasoline spill should be cleaned out immediately. Motor oil and other hydrocarbons that accumulate on a more routine basis should be removed when an appreciable layer has been captured. To remove these pollutants, it may be preferable to use absorbent pads since they are usually less expensive to dispose than the oil/water emulsion that may be created by vacuuming the oily layer. Trash and debris can be netted out to separate it from the other pollutants. The screen should be power washed to ensure it is free of trash and debris.

Manhole covers should be securely seated following cleaning activities to prevent leakage of runoff into the system from above and also to ensure that proper safety precautions have been followed. Confined space entry procedures need to be followed if physical access is required. Disposal of all material removed from the CDS system should be done in accordance with local regulations. In many jurisdictions, disposal of the sediments may be handled in the same manner as the disposal of sediments removed from catch basins or deep sump manholes.



CDS Model	Diameter		Distance from Water Surface to Top of Sediment Pile		Sediment Storage Capacity	
	ft	m	ft	m	yd3	m3
CDS2015-4	4	1.2	3.0	0.9	0.9	0.7
CDS2015	5	1.5	3.0	0.9	1.3	1.0
CDS2020	5	1.5	3.5	1.1	1.3	1.0
CDS2025	5	1.5	4.0	1.2	1.3	1.0
CDS3020	6	1.8	4.0	1.2	2.1	1.6
CDS3030	6	1.8	4.6	1.4	2.1	1.6
CDS3035	6	1.8	5.0	1.5	2.1	1.6
CDS4030	8	2.4	4.6	1.4	5.6	4.3
CDS4040	8	2.4	5.7	1.7	5.6	4.3
CDS4045	8	2.4	6.2	1.9	5.6	4.3
CDS5640	10	3.0	6.3	1.9	8.7	6.7
CDS5653	10	3.0	7.7	2.3	8.7	6.7
CDS5668	10	3.0	9.3	2.8	8.7	6.7
CDS5678	10	3.0	10.3	3.1	8.7	6.7

Table 1: CDS Maintenance Indicators and Sediment Storage Capacities



**Support**

- Drawings and specifications are available at [www.contechstormwater.com](http://www.contechstormwater.com).
- Site-specific design support is available from our engineers.

©2014 Contech Engineered Solutions LLC

Contech Engineered Solutions LLC provides site solutions for the civil engineering industry. Contech's portfolio includes bridges, drainage, sanitary sewer, stormwater, earth stabilization and wastewater treatment products. For information, visit [www.ContechES.com](http://www.ContechES.com) or call 800.338.1122

NOTHING IN THIS CATALOG SHOULD BE CONSTRUED AS AN EXPRESSED WARRANTY OR AN IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. SEE THE CONTECH STANDARD CONDITION OF SALES (VIEWABLE AT [WWW.CONTECHES.COM/COS](http://WWW.CONTECHES.COM/COS)) FOR MORE INFORMATION.

The product(s) described may be protected by one or more of the following US patents: 5,322,629; 5,624,576; 5,707,527; 5,759,415; 5,788,848; 5,985,157; 6,027,639; 6,350,374; 6,406,218; 6,641,720; 6,511,595; 6,649,048; 6,991,114; 6,998,038; 7,186,058; 7,296,692; 7,297,266; 7,517,450 related foreign patents or other patents pending.



## CDS Inspection & Maintenance Log

CDS Model: \_\_\_\_\_ Location: \_\_\_\_\_

Date	Water depth to sediment <sup>1</sup>	Floatable Layer Thickness <sup>2</sup>	Describe Maintenance Performed	Maintenance Personnel	Comments

1. The water depth to sediment is determined by taking two measurements with a stadia rod: one measurement from the manhole opening to the top of the sediment pile and the other from the manhole opening to the water surface. If the difference between these measurements is less than the values listed in table 1 the system should be cleaned out. **Note: to avoid underestimating the volume of sediment in the chamber, the measuring device must be carefully lowered to the top of the sediment pile.**
2. For optimum performance, the system should be cleaned out when the floating hydrocarbon layer accumulates to an appreciable thickness. In the event of an oil spill, the system should be cleaned immediately.